
Structural, mechanical and optical properties of glasses within the TeO₂-TiO₂-ZnO ternary system

Maggy Colas^{1,2}, Jonathan De Clermont Gallerande^{*2}, Tomokatsu Hayakawa³, Fabrice Celarie⁴, Yann Gueguen⁴, Philippe Thomas², and Tanguy Rouxel⁴

¹Science des Procédés Céramiques et de Traitements de Surface (SPCTS) – CNRS : UMR7315, Institut des Procédés Appliqués aux Matériaux, Ecole Nationale Supérieure de Céramique Industrielle, Université de Limoges – SPCTS, Centre Européen de la Céramique, 12 Rue Atlantis, 87068 LIMOGES CEDEX, France

²IRCER – Université de Limoges – France

³NITECH – Japan

⁴IPR – Université de Rennes I – France

Abstract

Tellurium oxide glasses have a lot of scientific and technical interests due to their superior physical and chemical properties such as high refractive index, high dielectric constants, a wide band infrared transmittance, a low phonon energy and large third order non-linear optical susceptibility [1].

This work will focus on TeO₂-TiO₂-ZnO ternary glassy system which has been previously studied because both addition of TiO₂ and ZnO is known for given very stable glasses having high polarizability and hyperpolarizability [2] and they are also reported as good candidates for ultra-low loss [3] optical material.

In this communication, we will present a new approach of understanding of medium range order structure of these glasses. In fact, we studied both the structure of the glasses by in situ Raman spectroscopy as a function of temperature and especially around the glass transition temperature (T_g) and the mechanical properties by Resonance Frequency Data Analysis (RFDA) experiments [4-5]. This work will evidence the link that we can point out from those two complementary approaches and will propose a new point of view on the correlation between mechanical and structural properties around T_g which could be a key point for the optical fiber shaping. Non-linear optical properties obtained by Z-scan experiment, will also be presented to evidence the huge interest of those glasses [6].

A. P. Mirgorodsky, M. Soulis, P. Thomas, T. Merle-Méjean, M. Smirnov, Phys. Rev. B 73 (2006) 134206.

J. C. Sabadel, P. Armand, D. Cachau-Herreillat, P. Baldeck, O. Doclot, A. Ibanez, et E. Philippot, J. Solid State Chem.132 (1997) 411

L. Van Utert et S. Wemple, Appl Phys Lett. 33 (1978) 57

*Speaker

P. Mezeix, F. Célarié, P. Houizot, Y. Gueguen, F. Munoz, T. Rouxel, *J. Non-Cryst. Solids* 445-446 (2016) 45

Synthesis, structural and mechanical investigations of new tellurite materials for non-linear optical applications, N.Ghribi PhD (2015)

N. Ghribi, M. Dutreilh-Colas, J.-R. Duclère, T. Hayakawa, J. Carraud, R. Karray, A. Kabadou, P. Thomas, *J. Alloys Comp.* 622 (2015) 333

Keywords: Glass, structure, mechanical properties, in situ, Raman spectroscopy